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in a span of four eventful years from 1961 to 1965 longtime union advocate and liberal stalwart arthur j goldberg won appointments to three of our nation s highest government posts secretary of labor supreme court justice and u s representative to the u n here is the first biography of arthur j goldberg one that investigates this remarkable stretch in goldberg s public career while offering a stimulating portrait of a man who rose from working class roots to offices that helped define the shapes of postwar union expansion and liberal policy in the 1960s drawing upon a wide range of sources ranging from sealed government papers to interviews the author conducted with goldberg in the last nine years of his life historian david stebenne writes of goldberg s youth as the son of a chicago fruit peddler his awakening to the pursuit of labor law and his galvanizing role as legal counsel in the late 1930s newspaper guild strike against the Papers hearst company a triumph which brought him to the attention of the congress of industrial organizations appointed general counsel of both the cio and the united steelworkers union goldberg advised the merger that formed the mighty afl cio while leading the fight to expel the brotherhood of teamsters and championing the interests of american workers in washington at once the biography of a leading liberal and a study of liberalism since fdr arthur j goldberg new deal liberal will interest anyone concerned with social reform supreme court activism and labor history in the postwar era the history of the most acrimonious presidential handoff in american history and of the origins of twentieth century liberalism and conservatism when franklin roosevelt defeated herbert hoover in the 1932 election they represented not only different political parties but vastly different approaches to the question of the day how could the nation recover from the great depression as historian eric rauchway shows in winter war fdr laid out coherent far ranging plans for the new deal in the months prior to his inauguration meanwhile still president hoover worried about fdr s abilities and afraid of the president elect s policies became the first comprehensive critic of the new deal thus even before fdr took office both the Buy principles of the welfare state and reaction against it had already taken form winter war reveals how in the months before the hundred days fdr and hoover battled over ideas and shaped the divisive politics of the twentieth century volume two of the pulitzer prize winning author s age of roosevelt series describes franklin delano roosevelt s first Buy tumultuous years in the white house coming into office at the bottom of the great depression fdr told the american people that they have nothing to fear but fear itself the conventional wisdom having failed he tried unorthodox remedies to avert economic collapse his first hundred days restored national morale and his new dealers filled washington with new approaches to recovery and reform combining idealistic ends with realistic means roosevelt proposed to humanize redeem and rescue capitalism the coming of the new deal written with schlesinger s customary verve is a gripping account of critical years in the history of the republic monumental authoritative spirited one of the major works in american historical literature new york times impelling an achievement as much in its sensitivity as in its scholarship it is essential reading kirkus reviews acclaimed historian thomas fleming brings Buy to life the flawed and troubled fdr who struggled to manage wwii starting with the leak to the press of roosevelt s famous rainbow plan then spiraling back to fdr s inept prewar diplomacy with japan and his various attempts to lure japan into an attack on the u s fleet in the pacific fleming takes the reader inside the incredibly fractious struggles and debates that went on in washington the nation and the world as the new dealers led by fdr strove to impose their will on the conduct of the war unlike the familiar yet idealized fdr of doris kearns goodwin s no ordinary time the reader encounters a roosevelt in remorseless decline battered by ideological forces and primitive hatreds which he could not handle and frequently failed to understand some of them leading to unimaginable catastrophe among fdr s most dismaying policies fleming argues were an insistence on unconditional surrender for germany a policy that perhaps prolonged the war by as many as two years leaving millions more dead and his often uncritical embrace of and acquiescence to stalin and the soviets as an ally for many americans franklin delano roosevelt is a beloved heroic almost mythic figure if not for the big government that was spawned under his new deal then certainly for his leadership through the war the new dealers war paints a very different portrait of this leadership it is sure to spark debate a biography of the thirty second president the only one to be elected to a fourth term who began the new deal to counteract the effects Research of the depression on september 11th 2001 new york city s firefighters police officers and rescue workers became heroes risking their lives in the face of incredible danger as the world trade center crumbled to dust but six months later the insidious threat of terrorism has grown stronger than ever and america needs more than heroes she needs a soldier ready to fight for justice without hesitation the best this country has to offer that man is steve Papers rogers the star spangled super soldier called captain america in the small town of centerville the terrorist known as al tariq holds the entire populace hostage no one gets in and no one gets out that is no one without the skills of captain america his mission to take the terrorists out while protecting the lives of the innocents held captive too many have died already steve rogers will make sure not one more life is lost at the hands of these monsters collecting captain america 2002 1 6 an engaging picture book biography of frances perkins the activist and first female united states cabinet member who created the social security program from award winning author deborah hopkinson at 31 frances perkins witnessed the triangle waist factory fire in 1911 one of the worst industrial disasters in united states history the event forever changed her and she dedicated herself to the fight for workers rights when she became secretary of labor in franklin delano roosevelt s administration she had the opportunity to make real her bold vision of a country where no Research one is left out and everyone is protected thanks to her efforts we have the social security program a move that changed americans lives for generations to come deborah hopkinson s energetic text and kristy caldwell s appealing illustrations unite to tell perkins fascinating story as well as introduce early concepts of financial literacy the social security act and the new deal back matter features more information about frances perkins social security and resources for economic education from roosevelt s new deal through to president trump s phoney promises this is a sharp critique of how big corporations and financial institutions overpowered the interests of poor lower income and middle Research class people a look at how the new deal fundamentally changed american life and why it remains relevant today the new deal was america s response to the gravest economic and social crisis of the twentieth century it now serves as a source of inspiration for how we should respond to the gravest crisis of the twenty first there s no more fluent and informative a guide to that history than eric rauchway and no one better to describe the capacity of government to transform america for the better barry eichengreen university of california berkeley the greatest peaceable expression of common purpose in u s history the new deal altered americans relationship with politics economics and one another in ways that continue to resonate today no matter where you look in america there is likely a building or bridge built through new deal initiatives if you have taken out a small business loan from the federal government or drawn unemployment you can thank the new deal while certainly flawed in many aspects the new deal was implemented by a democratic party still beholden to the segregationist south for its majorities in congress and the electoral college the new deal was instated at a time of mass unemployment and the rise of fascistic government models and functioned as a bulwark of american democracy in hard times this book looks at how this legacy both for good and ill informs the current debates around governmental Papers responses to crises the idea of a green new deal was launched into popular consciousness by us congressperson alexandria ocasio cortez in 2018 evocative of the far reaching ambitions of its namesake it has become a watchword in the current era of global climate crisis but its new ubiquity brings ambiguity what and for whom is the green new deal in this concise and urgent book max ajl provides an overview of the various mainstream green new deals critically engaging with their proponents ideological underpinnings and limitations he goes on to sketch out a radical alternative a people s green new deal committed to degrowth anti imperialism and agro ecology ajl diagnoses the roots of the current socio ecological crisis as emerging from a world system dominated by the logics of capitalism and imperialism resolving this crisis he argues requires nothing less than an infrastructural and agricultural transformation in the global north and the industrial convergence between north and south as the climate crisis deepens and the literature on the subject grows Buy a people s green new deal contributes a distinctive perspective to the debate now with a Papers new prologue and updated bibliography this classic edition of harvard sitkoff s a new deal for blacks is a comprehensive account of the emergence of civil rights as a national issue within the u s the new deal years are a turning point in race relations trends they constitute awatershed of developments whose outgrowth was a broad based social movement aimed at bringing about a fuller participation of blacks in american society this text covers a wide variety of factors influencing civil rights and race relations in this period it describes political and top down influences but also spends time on ideas and culture and mass mobilization the book provides an opportunity to talk about the different types of factors that influence social change and the relationship between them finally the scholarship is still accurate and solid and the book is well written avoiding jargon from first to last the new deal was a work in progress a patchwork of often Papers contradictory ideas portraying the united states from the great war to the great depression the crisis of the old order covers the jazz age and the rise and fall of the Buy cult of business for a season prosperity seemed permanent but the illusion came to an end when wall street crashed in october 1929 public trust in the wisdom of business leadership crashed too with a dramatist s eye for vivid detail and a scholar s respect for accuracy schlesinger brings to life the era that gave rise to fdr and his new deal and changed the public face of the united states forever discusses america on the brink of economic disaster and how franklin Papers roosevelt promised a new deal for america Research discusses the experiences of african americans from the beginning of the depression in 1929 to the end of world war ii this book argues that franklin d roosevelt s work of which the new deal was a prime example was rooted in a definitive political ideology tied to the ideals of the progressive movement and the social gospel of the late 19th century roosevelt s new deal resulted in such dramatic changes within the united states that it merits the label revolutionary and ranks with the work of washington and lincoln in its influence on the american nation the new deal was not simply the response to a severe economic crisis it was also an expression of fdr s well developed political ideology stemming from his religious ideas and his experience in the progressive movement of theodore roosevelt and woodrow wilson franklin d roosevelt and the third american revolution describes the unfolding of his new deal response to the crisis of the depression and chronicles the bitter conservative opposition that resisted every step in the roosevelt Papers revolution the author s analysis of roosevelt s political thought is supported by fdr s own words contained in the key documents and various

speeches of his political career this book also documents fdr's recognition of the dangers to democracy from unresponsive government and identifies his specific motivations to provide for the general welfare the new deal era witnessed a surprising surge in popular engagement with the history and memory of the civil war era from the omnipresent book and film *Gone with the Wind* and the scores of popular theater productions to aaron copeland's *A Lincoln Portrait* it was hard to miss america's fascination with the war in the 1930s and 1940s nina silber deftly examines the often conflicting and politically contentious ways in which americans remembered the civil war era during the years of the depression the new deal and world war ii in doing so she reveals how the debates and events of that earlier period resonated so profoundly with new deal rhetoric about state power emerging civil rights activism labor organizing and trade unionism and popular culture in wartime at the heart of this book is an examination of how historical memory offers people a means Papers of understanding and defining themselves in the present silber reveals how during a moment of enormous national turmoil the events and personages of the civil war provided a framework for reassessing national identity class conflict and racial and ethnic division the new deal era may have been the first time civil war memory loomed so large for the nation as a whole but as the present moment suggests it was hardly the last faced by the disaster of depression congress in the early 1930s proved amenable to the far reaching demands and programs presented to it by the newly elected president franklin d roosevelt but by 1937 it showed increasing resistance even outright opposition to many new deal measures in this study james t patterson examines this resurgence of conservative strength in congress focusing upon the personalities and backgrounds of the men involved and upon the key domestic issues which brought them together in an informal coalition opposed to executive plans especially for the years 1937 1939 from the first the roosevelt congress had had its irreconcilables men like carter glass millard tydings and harry byrd who viewed the new deal with dismay and in the voting on the public utilities holding company bill and the surprise tax measure of 1935 they were joined by a significant number of other congressmen who had hitherto supported the administration it was however roosevelt's plan to enlarge the supreme court that proved to be the turning point this controversial measure provided a common issue on which conservatives both republican and democratic could unite the irreconcilables republicans like arthur vanderberg others like charles McNary and nominal democratic progressives like burton k wheeler following this crucial confrontation the bipartisan conservative coalition was able to buy control enough votes to oppose the administration on such key measures as the fair labor standards and housing bills of 1937 the reorganization and tax bills of 1938 and the relief and tax bills of 1939 incited by grievances over patronage a feeling that the emergency was past and fears of radicalism congressmen increasingly asserted their independence of executive leadership in this 1966 organization of american historians award winning book patterson has provided a new exploration of one of the most significant developments in recent american history the creation by conservative congressmen of a pattern of cooperation that continues to exert a potent influence upon the course of legislation shortlisted for the ft mckinsey business book of the year award a renowned climate scientist shows how fossil fuel companies have waged a thirty year campaign to deflect blame and responsibility and delay action on climate change and offers a battle plan for how we can save the planet recycle fly less eat less meat these are some of the ways that we've been told can slow climate change but the inordinate emphasis on individual behavior is the result of a marketing campaign that has succeeded in placing the responsibility for fixing climate change squarely on the shoulders of individuals fossil fuel companies have followed the example of other industries deflecting blame think guns don't kill people people kill people or greenwashing think of the beverage industry's crying indian commercials of the 1970s meanwhile they've blocked efforts to regulate or price carbon emissions run pr campaigns aimed at discrediting viable Research alternatives and have abdicated their responsibility in fixing the problem they've created the result has been disastrous for our planet in the new climate war mann argues that all is not lost he draws the battle lines between the people and the polluters fossil fuel companies right wing plutocrats and petrostates and he outlines a plan for forcing our governments and corporations to wake up and make real change including a common sense attainable approach to carbon pricing and a revision of the well intentioned but flawed currently proposed version of the green new deal allowing renewable energy to compete fairly against fossil fuels debunking the false narratives and arguments that have worked their way into the climate debate and driven a wedge between even those who support climate change solutions combatting climate doomism and despair mongering with immensely powerful vested interests aligned in defense of the fossil fuel status quo the societal tipping point won't happen without the active participation of citizens everywhere aiding in the collective push forward this book will reach inform and enable citizens everywhere to join this battle for our planet an urgent and definitive collection of essays from leaders and experts championing the green new deal and a detailed playbook for how we can win it including contributions by leading activists and progressive writers like varshini prakash rhiana gunn wright bill mckibben rev william barber ii and more Research in october 2018 scientists warned that we have less than 12 years left to transform our economy away from fossil fuels or face catastrophic climate change at that moment there was no plan in the us to decarbonize our economy that fast less than two years later every major democratic presidential candidate has embraced the vision of the green new deal a rapid vast transformation of our economy to avert climate catastrophe while securing economic and racial justice for all what happened a new generation of leaders confronted the political establishment in washington dc with a simple message the climate crisis is here and the green new deal is our last best hope for a livable future now comes the hard part turning that vision into the law of the land in winning a green new deal leading youth activists journalists and policymakers explain why we need a transformative agenda to avert climate catastrophe and how our movement can organize to win featuring essays by varshini prakash cofounder of sunrise movement rhiana gunn wright green new deal policy architect joseph stiglitz nobel prize winning economist bill mckibben internationally renowned environmentalist mary kay henry the president of the service employees international union and others we'll learn why the climate crisis cannot be solved unless we also confront inequality and racism how movements can redefine what's politically possible and overcome the opposition of fossil fuel billionaires and how a green new deal will build a just and thriving economy for all of us for anyone looking to understand the movement for a green new deal and join the fight for a livable future there is no resource as clear and practical as winning the green new deal informative inspiring kirkus reviews in an inspiring middle grade nonfiction work p o connell pearson tells the story of the civilian conservation corps one of franklin delano roosevelt's new deal Research projects that helped save a generation of americans when franklin d roosevelt took office in march 1933 the united states was on the brink of economic collapse and environmental disaster thirty four days later the first of over three million impoverished young men was building parks and reclaiming the nation's forests and farmlands the civilian conservation corps fdr's favorite program and miracle of inter agency cooperation resulted in the building and or improvement of hundreds of state and national parks the restoration of nearly 120 million acre of land and the planting of some three billion trees more than half of all the trees ever planted in the united states fighting for the forest tells the story of the civilian conservation corp through a close look at shenandoah national park in virginia the ccc's first project and through the personal stories and work of young men around the nation who came of age and changed their country for the better working in roosevelt's tree army the new deal shaped our nation's politics for decades and was seen by many as tantamount to the american way itself now in this superb compact history eric rauchway offers an informed account of the new deal and the great depression illuminating its successes and failures rauchway first describes how the roots of the great depression lay in america's post war economic policies described as laissez faire with a vengeance which in effect isolated our nation from the world economy just when the world needed the united states most he shows how the magnitude of the resulting economic upheaval and the ineffectiveness of the old ways of dealing with financial hardships set the stage for roosevelt's vigorous and sometimes unconstitutional depression fighting policies indeed rauchway stresses that the new deal only makes sense as a response to this global economic disaster the book examines a key sampling of new deal programs ranging from the national recovery agency and the securities and exchange commission to the public works administration and social security revealing why some worked and others did not in the end Buy rauchway concludes it was the coming of world war ii that finally generated the political will to spend the massive amounts of public money needed to put americans back to work and only the cold war saw the full implementation of new deal policies abroad including the united nations the world bank and the international monetary fund today we can look back at the new deal and for the first time see its full complexity rauchway captures this complexity in a remarkably short space making this book an ideal introduction to one of the great policy revolutions in history about the series oxford's very short introductions offers concise and original introductions to a wide range of subjects from islam to sociology politics to classics and literary theory to history not simply a textbook of definitions each volume provides trenchant and provocative yet always balanced and complete discussions of the central issues in a given topic every very short introduction gives a readable evolution of the subject in question demonstrating how it has developed and influenced society whatever the area of study whatever the topic that fascinates the reader the series has a handy and affordable guide that will likely prove indispensable during the great migration of the 1920s and 1930s southern african americans flocked to the south side chicago community of bronzeville the area soon became the epicentre of community activism as workingclass african americans struggled for equality in housing and employment lionel kimble jr demonstrates how these Buy struggles led to much of the civil rights activism that occurred from 1935 to 1955 in chicago shortly after arriving in the white house in early 1933 franklin roosevelt took the united states off the gold standard his opponents thought his decision unwise at best and ruinous at worst but they could not have been Research more wrong with the money makers eric rauchway tells the absorbing story of how fdr and his advisors pulled the levers of monetary policy to save the domestic economy and propel the united states to unprecedented prosperity and superpower status drawing on the ideas of the brilliant british economist john maynard keynes among others roosevelt created the conditions for recovery from the great depression deploying economic policy to fight the biggest threat then facing the nation deflation throughout the 1930s he also had one eye on the increasingly dire situation in europe in order to defeat hitler roosevelt turned again to monetary policy sending dollars abroad to prop up the faltering economies of britain and beginning in 1941 the soviet union fdr's fight against economic depression and his fight against fascism were indistinguishable as rauchway writes roosevelt wanted to ensure more than business recovery he wanted to restore american economic and moral strength so the us could defend civilization itself the economic and military alliance he created proved unbeatable and also provided the foundation for decades of postwar prosperity indeed rauchway argues that roosevelt's greatest legacy was his monetary policy even today the roosevelt dollar remains both the symbol and the catalyst of america's vast economic power the money makers restores the roosevelt dollar to its central place in our understanding of fdr the new deal and the economic history of twentieth century america we forget this history at our own peril in revealing the roots of our postwar prosperity rauchway shows how we can recapture the abundance of that period in our own catastrophic climate change overshadows the present and the future wrenching economic transformations have devastated workers and hollowed out communities however those fighting for jobs and those fighting for the planet have often been at odds does the world face two separate crises environmental and economic the promise of the green new deal is to tackle the threat of climate change through the empowerment of working people and the strengthening of democracy in this view the crisis of nature and the crisis of work must be addressed together or they will not be addressed at all this book brings together leading experts to explore the possibilities of the green new deal emphasizing the future of work together they examine transformations that are already underway and put forth bold new proposals that can provide jobs while reducing carbon consumption building a world that is sustainable both economically and ecologically contributors also debate urgent questions what is the value of a federal jobs program or even a jobs guarantee how do we alleviate the miseries and precarity of work in key economic sectors including energy transportation housing agriculture and care work what kind of work is needed today how does the new deal provide Research guidance in addressing these questions and how can a green new deal revive democracy above all this book shows the green new deal offers hope for a better tomorrow but only if it accounts for work's past transformations and shapes its future neil m maher examines the history of one of franklin d roosevelt's boldest and most successful experiments the civilian conservation corps describing it as a turning point both Buy in national politics and in the emergence of modern environmentalism résumé de l'éditeur franklin roosevelt's new deal began as a program of short term emergency relief measures and evolved into a truly transformative concept of the federal government's role in americans lives more than an economic recovery plan it was a reordering of the political system that continues to define america to this day with the new deal a modern history pulitzer prize winning writer michael hiltzik offers fresh insights into this inflection point in the american experience here is an intimate look at the alchemy that allowed fdr to mold his multifaceted and contentious inner circle into a formidable political team the new deal a modern history shows

how roosevelt through the force of his personality commanded the loyalty of the rock ribbed fiscal conservative lewis douglas and the radical agrarian rexford tugwell alike of harold ickes and harry hopkins one a curmudgeonly miser the other Papers a spendthrift idealist of henry morgenthau gentleman farmer of upstate new york and of frances perkins a prim social activist with her roots in brahmin new england yet the same character traits that made him so supple and self confident a leader would sow the seeds of the new deal s end with a shocking surge of rooseveltian misjudgments understanding the new deal may be more important today than at any time in the last eight decades conceived in response to a devastating financial crisis very similar to america s most recent downturn born of excessive speculation indifferent regulation of banks and investment houses and disproportionate corporate influence over the white house and congress the new deal remade the country s economic and political environment in six years of intensive experimentation fdr had no effective model for fighting the worst economic downturn in his generation s experience but the new deal has provided a model for subsequent presidents who faced challenging economic conditions right up to the present hiltzik tells the story of how the new deal was made demonstrating that its precepts did not spring fully conceived from the mind of fdr before or after he took office from first to last the new deal was a work in progress a patchwork of often contradictory ideas far from reflecting solely progressive principles the new deal also accommodated such conservative goals as a balanced budget and the suspension of antitrust enforcement some programs that became part of the new deal were borrowed from the republican administration of herbert hoover indeed some of its most successful elements were enacted over fdr s opposition in this bold reevaluation of a decisive moment in american history michael hiltzik dispels decades of accumulated myths and misconceptions about the new deal to capture with clarity and immediacy its origins its legacy and its genius leading experts in the cancer field from doctors to policymakers to academics and more reflect on the 50 years since nixon declared the war on cancer in 1971 richard nixon signed into law a revelatory Buy new program dedicated to cancer research and prevention this legislation was an amendment to the public health service act of 1944 and represented the u s commitment to what president nixon described as the war on cancer which had become the nation s second leading cause of death by 1970 fifty years later the leading experts have come together to reflect on how far this legislation has gone its successes failures and the road still ahead edited by abbe gluck professor of law and faculty director of the solomon center for health law and policy and dr charles fuchs director of yale cancer center these essays span the various implications of cancer on american society from groundbreaking research important policies law philanthropy and more with an introduction by siddhartha mukherjee other notable contributors include ezekiel emanuel matthew nygun greg simon and more a new deal for women traces Research the expanding roles of women as they came into their own following the great depression in world war ii and how they were able to maintain some of those gains during the post war era

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